Savannah meadowbeauty

(Rhexia alifanus)

For definitions of botanical terms, visit en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Glossary_of_botanical_terms.

Of Florida's 10 native meadowbeauties (*Rhexia* genus), the Savannah meadowbeauty stands among the tallest at around 4 feet. Its bright pink blooms can be seen rising up like flags from the shorter vegetation of the pine flatwoods, wet savannahs and roadside ditches.

Flowers have 4-5 magenta petals with 8 conspicuous stamens topped by bright yellow anthers. Fruits are upright vase-shaped capsules containing numerous seeds. Leaves are opposite, sessile, bright green to light blue-green, and lanceolate with entire margins. Stems are smooth, yellow-green and stand erect up to 4 feet tall.

Meadowbeauties are pollinated by bees through buzz pollination, a technique in which bees use vibration to remove and collect pollen. Only about 9% of flowers are pollinated in this way. These flowers have unique anthers that are completely sealed except for a small pore at the top or small slits along the sides. The tiny openings prevent insects from entering the anther, but do allow for pollen to exit when the anther is vibrated at specific frequencies. If you listen closely





Photos by Emily Bell

as bees approach the flowers, you can actually hear a change in their buzzing!

Family: Melastomataceae (Melastomes)

Native range: Panhandle, northern peninsula, and southeast to Orange County

To see where natural populations of Savannah meadowbeauty have been vouchered, visit www.florida.plantatlas.usf.edu.

Hardiness: Zones 9B-8A **Lifespan:** Perennial

Soil: Moist, acidic, sandy soil

Exposure: Full sun

Growth habit: Erect herb up to 4' tall

Propagation: Seed

Savannah meadowbeauty plants are not commercially available. Visit a natural area to see them.



